





Created: 2 hours, 2 minutes after earthquake

**PAGER** 

Version 2

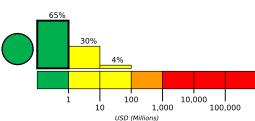
### M 6.0, 41km NW of Platanos, Greece

Origin Time: 2019-11-27 07:23:42 UTC (Wed 09:23:42 local) Location: 35.7272° N 23.2673° E Depth: 71.8 km

**Estimated Fatalities** 65% 10,000 100 10 1,000 100,000

and economic losses. There is a low likelihood of casualties and damage.





## **Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking**

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	_*	217k	25k	0	0	0	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED SHAKING		Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

population per 1 sq. km from Landscan

### **Structures** 10000

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are a mix of vulnerable and earthquake resistant construction. The predominant vulnerable building types are rubble/field stone with lime and unknown/miscellaneous types construction.

## Historical Earthquakes

Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
1981-03-07	272	5.4	VI(426k)	1
1975-12-31	340	5.5	VII(2k)	1
1999-09-07	265	6.0	IX(10k)	143

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides that might have contributed to losses.

# Selected City Exposure

from GeoNames.org MMI City Population Kissamos Kolympari 1k Agia Marina 2k Gerani <1k**Daratsos** 5k 3k Galatas IV Chania 54k IV Mournies 5k IV Nerokouros 4k IV Souda 7k IV Rethymno 32k

bold cities appear on map.

(k = x1000)

Popula	tion E	xposui	'e

	J	30	100	300	1000	3000	10000
	A Second	22.9	Gefyra		23.8°W	IV	1
IV -36.0°N			Kythira -				-
30.0 N				6			-
			7	*	a		
			V	}		Chania	<u> </u>
35.2°N					—√Palaiôeh	ora	
					0	IV •••	75

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.